Physicochemical and microbiological stability of Spironolactone oral suspension

without potentially harmful excipient

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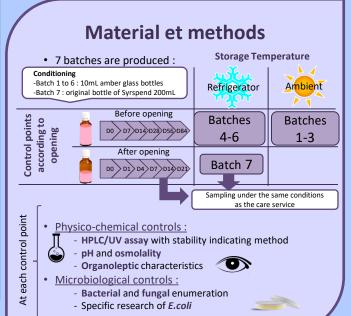
Introduction

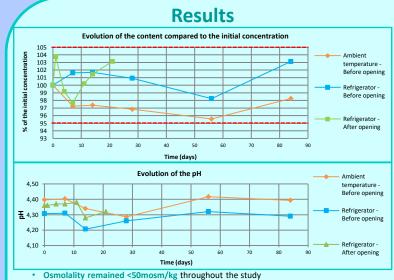
- Spironolactone: antihypertensive diuretic widely used in pediatrics No adapted specialty available
- Prior to this study: Preparation and dispensing of

 - Opening and dilution of capsules = Practice with risk of error:

- To develop a drinkable

- Of administered dose (dilution. homogenization)
- Absorbed dose (unknown bioavailability)
- Objectives:
 - suspension of Spironolactone without Potentially Harmful Excipient (PHE) from Syrspend® SF PH4 Drv
 - Conduct a physicochemical and microbiological stability study





- · No degradation products detected
- No change in organoleptic characteristics
- · Microbial count below pharmacopoeia requirements
- Specific E.coli research always negative

Discussion-conclusion

- Stable preparation 84 days before opening and 21 days after opening => Allows an optimal organization of the production and administration circuit
- No PHE: suitable for newborns but means no preservative => microbiological stability data essential + refrigerated storage to reinforce this stability
- The use in the service will be able to start. The evaluation of the satisfaction of the nurses and the acceptability by the children is planned
- The use of this excipient in oral forms should be extended to other APIs to allow safe administration in pediatrics